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# Decommissioning of the Cluff Lake Project

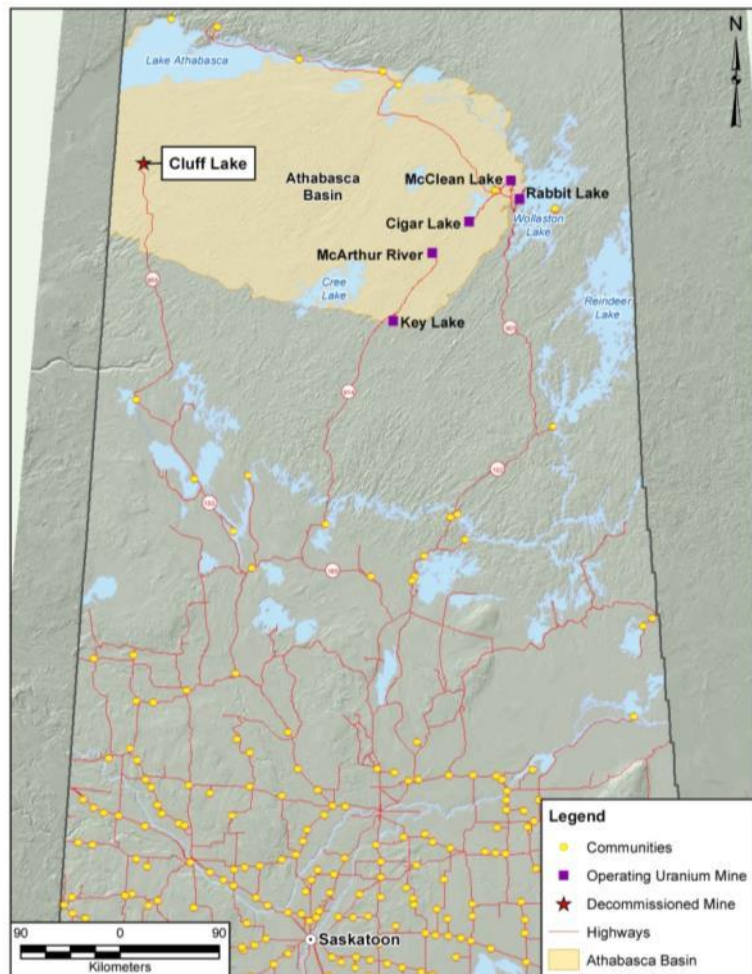
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Forum, 2016

# Overview

- ▶ Project Location and Background
- ▶ Decommissioning Objectives
- ▶ Decommissioning Milestones
- ▶ Key Guiding Documents
  - ◆ Decommissioning Plan
  - ◆ Follow-Up Program
  - ◆ Environmental Monitoring Program
- ▶ Looking Forward
- ▶ Lessons Learned

# Project Location and Background



- ▶ First discovered in mid-1960s
- ▶ Operations commenced in 1980 and ceased in 2002
- ▶ Five ore bodies extracted using underground and open pit techniques
- ▶ Produced 62M lb (or 28M kg) uranium concentrate ( $U_3O_8$ )
- ▶ Cluff Lake is not a legacy site

# Cluff Lake History



- ▶ ~4,000 person years of company staff employment; 52% northern
- ▶ Nearby lands used for traditional purposes (incl. safe consumption of country food) throughout operations

# Cluff Lake Regulation

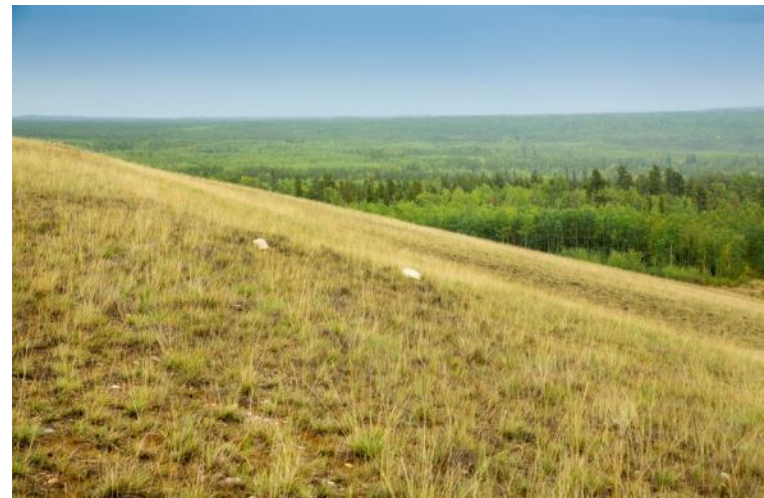
- ▶ Governed both federally and provincially
- ▶ 2000 - Comprehensive Study for Decommissioning (AREVA)
- ▶ 2003 - Comprehensive Study Report (CSR; CNSC)
- ▶ 2004 – CNSC Decommissioning Approval
- ▶ CSR outlined decommissioning objectives and evaluations of success:
  - ◆ safe environment,
  - ◆ stable & self-sustaining landscape
  - ◆ unrestricted traditional uses, and
  - ◆ minimal future land use constraints.





# How Will We Measure Decommissioning Success?

- ▶ Physical stability and erosion control including re-vegetation success
- ▶ Water and sediment quality in surface water bodies
- ▶ Contaminant transport modelling
- ▶ Ecological and Human Health Risk Assessment
- ▶ Radiological clearance



# Decommissioning Milestones

- ▶ 2004 to 2006 – Physical decommissioning (2013, 2015)
- ▶ 2004 - partial surrender of surface lease
- ▶ 2013 – physical decommissioning of remaining surface infrastructure, minor earthworks, continuous site presence discontinued
- ▶ 2014 – monitoring transitioned to campaigns 4X/year; Environmental Monitoring Locations & Schedule (EMLS) Optimization (2003, 2011)
- ▶ 2014 – revised Decommissioning Plan (2003, 2009)
- ▶ 2015 – reclassification of entire surface lease to ‘undeveloped’
- ▶ 2015 – (Proposed) completion of Follow-Up Program (FUP; 2004, 2009)



# Cluff Lake Key Documents

- ▶ Three key guiding documents, routinely updated and approved, that inform decommissioning plans, progress, and success
- ▶ As decommissioning progresses, the scope of each is increasingly narrowed or closed
  - ◆ Decommissioning Plan (2003/2004, 2008/2009, 2014; to close)
  - ◆ Follow-Up Program (2004, 2009, 2015; closed)
  - ◆ Environmental Monitoring Locations & Schedule (2003, 2011, 2014, [2016]; narrowed and transitioned to long-term monitoring under institutional control)

# Cluff Lake D-Pit Mining Area



1999



2008



2014

- No further physical decommissioning action is planned
- Fast-flooded in 1980s, chemocline established, surface water quality objectives being met

# Cluff Lake Claude Mining Area



1999



2008



2014

- No further decommissioning activities are planned; contingency included in financial assurance
- Backfilled, shaped, compacted, covered, and revegetated



# Cluff Lake DJ Mining Area



1999



2008



2014

- No further physical decommissioning action is planned
- Fast-flooded pit to establish chemocline
- Surface water quality objectives being met

# Cluff Lake Mill Area



1999



2008



2014

- No further physical decommissioning action is planned
- Mill demolished and buried at Claude Pit, area replanted with trees



# Cluff Lake Tailings Management Area (TMA)



1999



2008



2014

- No further decommissioning activities are planned; contingency included in financial assurance
- Covered, graded, and revegetated, 2013 improvements:

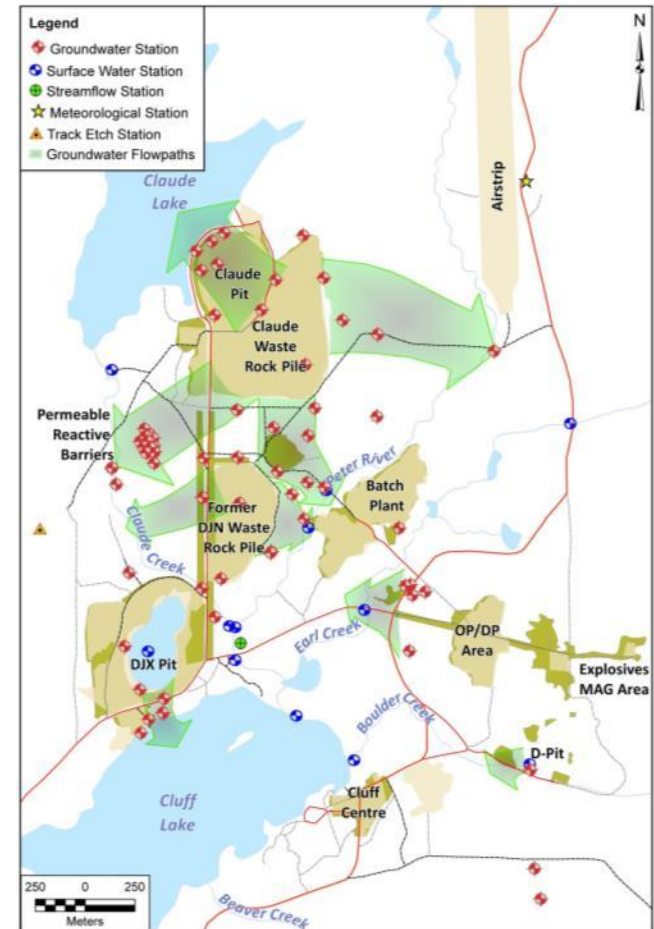
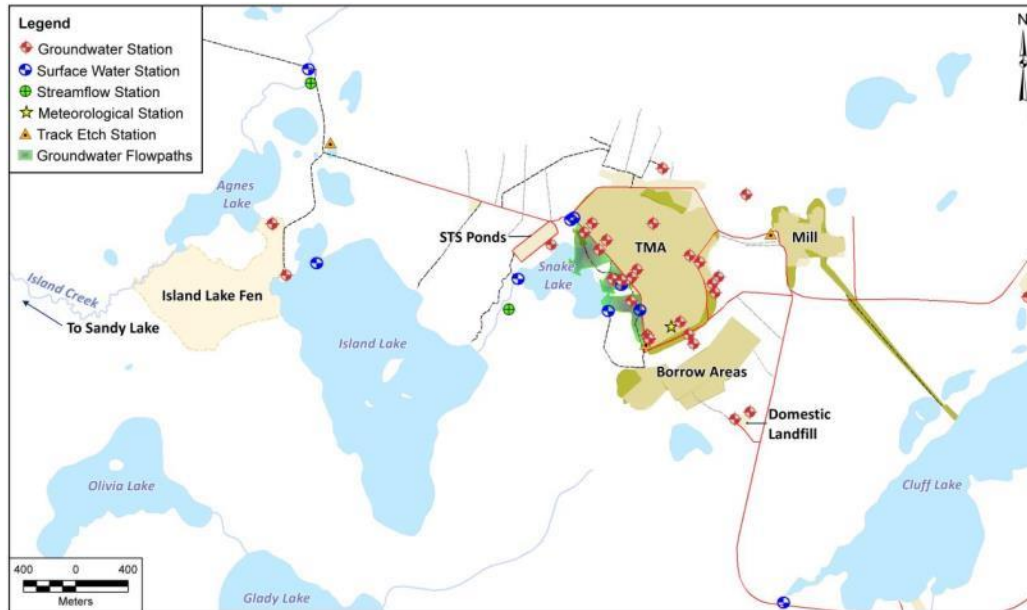
# Cluff Lake Ancillary Buildings and Services



- Final decommissioning includes removal of 4 remaining culverts, temporary camp, minor earthworks



# Post-Decommissioning and Follow-Up Monitoring



- ▶ Two distinct monitoring campaigns:
  - ◆ Environmental Monitoring Program (EMP)
  - ◆ Follow-Up Program (FUP)

# Cluff Lake Follow-Up Program (2015)



- ▶ Section 10 of CSR, key uncertainties in decommissioning EA
- ▶ Progress report in 2009; final report in October 2015
- ▶ Research, post-decommissioning data collection, and refinement of modelling inputs have removed uncertainties identified in the CSR & improved confidence in long-term decommissioning performance
- ▶ Outcomes of the FUP incorporated into Ecological and Human Health Risk Assessments

# Ecological and Human Health Risk Assessment Conclusions

- ▶ Risk assessments completed in 2015 with inputs from EMLS, FUP, & Hydrogeology and Groundwater Modelling Technical Information Document
- ▶ 2015 ERA confirms 2003 CSR conclusions i.e. potential adverse effects are not significant.
  - ◆ Potential adverse effects are moderate, local (Island Lake, Snake Lake), restricted to local populations, temporary, with recovery over several generations, and no downstream impacts
- ▶ 2015 HHRA confirms continued safe use of the area for traditional uses
  - ◆ Considered an adult visiting the Cluff Lake Project on a casual basis who hunts, fishes, gathers and traps over a lifetime as well as the adult's family (adult, child, toddler) who would consume the food over a six month period
  - ◆ Exposure to radionuclides is less than 1 mSv/year; No adverse effects from exposure to non-radionuclides



# Cluff Lake Environmental Monitoring Locations & Schedule

- ▶ Monitoring the recovery of impacted areas that result from cessation of operations and implementation of the decommissioning plan
  - ◆ Physical stability and erosion control including re-vegetation success
  - ◆ Water and sediment quality in surface water bodies
  - ◆ Contaminant transport modelling
  - ◆ Ecological and Human Health Risk Assessment
  - ◆ Radiological clearance
- ▶ Optimizations in 2003, 2011, 2014, and anticipated in 2016
- ▶ 2016 revision may transition EMLS to a Long-Term Monitoring Program (LTMP)



# Current Status

- ▶ Site buildings have been removed
- ▶ Barriers to site access have been removed
- ▶ The Cluff Lake site is not occupied
- ▶ Environmental monitoring and inspections conducted in quarterly campaigns, typically occurring in February, June, September, and December



# Cluff Lake Looking Forward

- ▶ 2016 – Confirmation of Follow-Up Program closure; EMLS optimization possibly transitioning to a Long-Term Monitoring Program (LTMP)
- ▶ 2017 – Final physical decommissioning campaign (e.g. remaining culverts, temp camp)
- ▶ 2019 – Entry into Province of SK Institutional Control Program (ICP)
  - ◆ Meet the environmental conditions and requirements to
    - Abandonment of CNSC licence
    - surrender the Surface Lease Agreement – Provincial, Final closure report – *Mineral Industry Environmental Protection Section 22*
  - ◆ Final revision of the EMLS/LTMP, if required
  - ◆ Closure of the Decommissioning Plan
  - ◆ Financial Assurance transition to ICP payments

# Lessons Learned

- ▶ Start with the end in mind; mining can be a temporary use of the land
- ▶ Environmental assessment is a planning tool
- ▶ Have an actionable decommissioning plan during operations
- ▶ Continuous on-site presence is costly
- ▶ Campaign monitoring is an effective method of collecting environmental samples in later stages of decommissioning
- ▶ Maintain corporate knowledge

# Thank You!

► Any questions or comments?

