

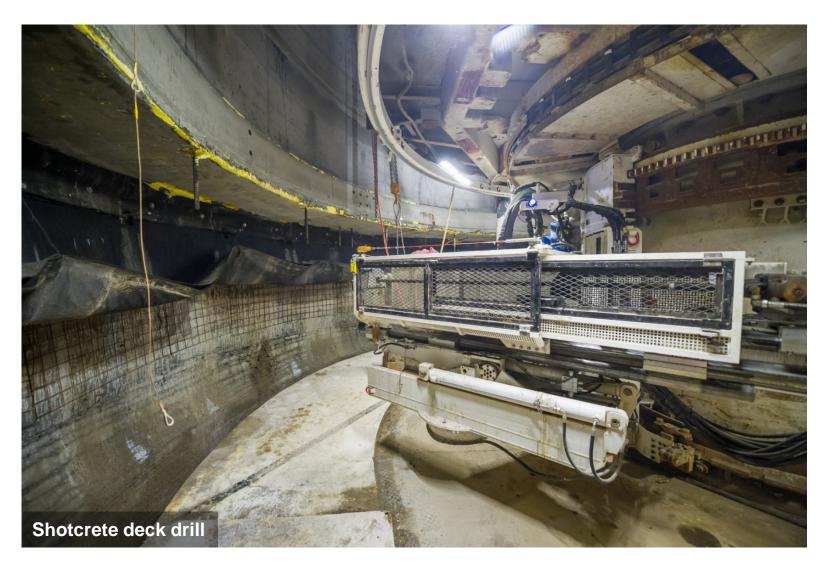
Managing the risk of 120v electric shock – Outcomes from recent electric shock events

Ben Stevenson, Superintendent Shaft Delivery Robin Butler, Principal Electrical Engineer



Electric shock events in the Jansen shafts

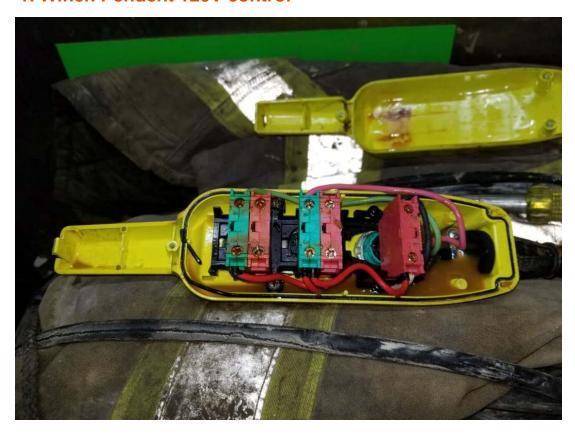
- Shock received when using a pendent for an electric hoist
- Shock received when retrieving a bell knocker rope





Events

1. Winch Pendent 120V control



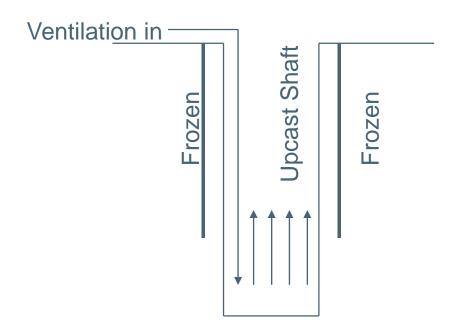
2. Bell Knocker Cables





Shaft conditions while sinking

- Upcast shaft
- Ground surrounding shafts is frozen to ~700m
- Inside the shaft, conditions vary from cold and dry to snow, fog and even rain

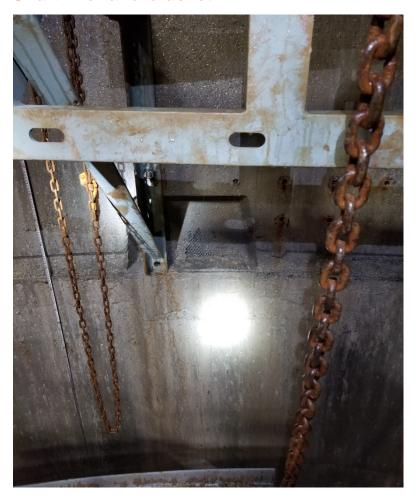






Wet conditions

Shaft liner and bracket



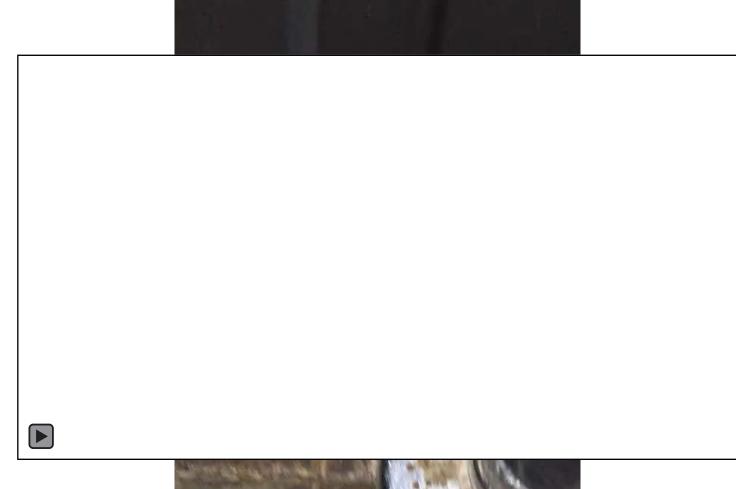
Floor of Shaft Boring Roadheader (SBR)



Managing the risk of 120v electric shock 1 March 2018



Frosty conditions







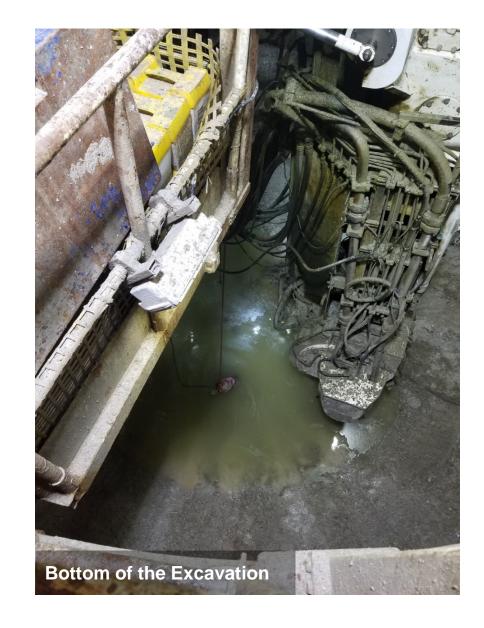
Causes

1. Electric winch shock – equipment not suited to environment

- No ground provision
- Systems not reviewed for potential hazards in wet conditions
- Equipment design and selection did not consider all potential operating conditions

2. Bell system shock

- Material buildup pulled the cable sheath back, exposing conductor
- Change Management that occurred did not include a review of Electrical Inspections and Controls
- Frequent human interaction = frequent exposure to hazard





Lessons learned

- 120v circuits can be fatal treat them as such!
- GFCI protection beyond what is required by code
- When conditions change, review potential hazards and risks with a broad spectrum of experts







#